Statement by Maurice Kogon Before the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Small Business

Impact of U.S. National Export Strategy on Small Business

July 27, 2011

Chairman Graves, Ranking Member Velasquez, and Committee members. Thank you for the opportunity to testify here today.

My name is Maurice Kogon. I have worked in the international trade field for over 50 years – at the federal and state level, with a U.S. multinational, as a small business owner, and as an educator.

My testimony today makes three basic points about the National Export Initiative (NEI) – specifically, does it adequately meet needs of the thousands of small businesses that are or could be exporting. In my view, it is not yet as relevant or as helpful as it could be to meet needs of this vital constituency.

My first point. The NEI has an ambitious goal to double exports in five years, but not a strategy that will get us there. The strategy relies too much on global economic factors we cannot control, while the programs we can control are not focused enough on the small businesses that most need export help, and not enough on the services they most need at critical early stages. The NEI's export promotion programs are basically only what the government can afford, not on what can best help small businesses at each stage of their export development. Far too many small businesses with export potential are left to fend for themselves. Claims that the NEI is "on pace," based on the 17% export increase in 2010, belie the reality that most of that gain came from recovery in world import demand and would have occurred anyway.

My second point is that the NEI does not adequately address what I see as our national export "paradox," – that while we are a very large exporting nation, we are not a nation of exporters. Roughly 85% of U.S. manufacturers do not export at all, and over half of the 15% that do export sell only to Canada or Mexico. The NEI addresses the half of the 15%, the "low-hanging fruit," but essentially writes off the far larger group of potential new exporters in the 85%. U.S. exports would increase significantly if we could get more of the 85% into the export base. For that, in my view, we need to go beyond a low-hanging fruit strategy. We need what I call a "fertilize the tree" strategy to "optimize" exports; that is, to increase exports to our full national potential and capacity as a nation, at whatever level that might be. An optimization strategy would focus not just on getting existing exporters into new markets, but would also cultivate the far larger group of potential new exporters that could most contribute to long term export expansion. It would have two interrelated goals:

First, we need to increase U.S. exports as a percent of GDP. Although we are the world's third largest exporter, our exports-to-GDP ratio lags well below our major world competitors. For example, Germany is at 45%, we are at just 13%. Our competitors, with comparable economies and competing in the same global marketplace, are more fully exporting to their capacity. We have the potential to close this gap. We are after all the manufacturing powerhouse of the world and the world leader in innovation and technology. And, most of our manufacturers are not even exporting yet.

Second, we need to increase the number of new exporters. We could come much closer to our national export potential if more non-exporters were to start exporting. We now have roughly 280,000 actual exporters in the U.S. As noted, they account for only 15% of all manufacturers. Many of the 85% non-exporting manufacturers may well have export potential. Why? For one reason, they have succeeded in the world's toughest market, our own, against the same competition they would face in foreign markets. If they can sell competitively here, they have the potential to export to at least one, or perhaps even many, of the roughly 200 markets outside the U.S.

If my suggested priority on new exporters makes sense, why is the NEI so narrowly wedded to the low-hanging fruit? The reason is, and I agree, they can't afford to do both. Limited resources should be reserved for the export-ready firms able to make the best use of their trade promotion and matchmaking services. But that misses the larger point. The new-to-export sector is too important to ignore or write off. The solution is obvious. It is not to stretch federal resources further, but to collaborate with non-federal partners well equipped to fill the gap.

This gets to my **third and final point** -- the need for systematic collaboration with non-federal partners. The vast network of state and local export assistance organizations could be part of an overarching export optimization strategy to both fertilize the tree and pick the low hanging fruit. Centers like mine and others are at the grass roots of potential new exporters. We have the expertise and resources and are ready and willing to engage in a meaningful collaboration.

Unfortunately, I don't see a federal mindset, plan or mechanism to collaborate. The NEI is more concerned with internal collaboration within the TPCC. It gives abundant lip-service to collaboration with others, but not much else. Here's what real collaboration would look like in my view. Non-federal partners would have a seat at the TPCC table. They would help plan and develop a holistic export optimization strategy that shares data on potential and existing exporters, jointly recruits prospects, reconciles programs to reduce wasteful duplication and overlap, and coordinates the seamless delivery of complementary services to both new and existing exporters.

Before concluding, let me emphasize that my concern is with federal strategy, not with the actual programs. They do increase exports, and do have a high ROI to justify their cost. The only problem is that they don't go far enough and don't meet enough small business needs.

Thank you again for the opportunity to share my thoughts. My written submission elaborates on all my points today, including specific needs of small business through all export stages, from start-up to getting paid.